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A power of attorney lets you legally appoint someone to act on your behalf for financial and legal matters, but it must be carefully drafted, properly signed, and only applies while you still have legal capacity. Under South African law, a power of attorney generally ends on death, insolvency or loss of mental capacity, so it's important to understand its limits and ensure it suits your circumstances.

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WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT POWERS OF ATTORNEY

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There's something unsettling about being told, "We can't proceed without the right authority." It usually happens at the worst time – when someone's in hospital, overseas, or no longer able to sign for themselves. Suddenly, simple decisions become entangled in red tape.

As someone who works closely with families during some of life's more difficult moments, I can tell you: a power of attorney (POA) is one of the most misunderstood tools in South African law. Families often assume it will protect them in the event of mental decline, but in reality, this is not the case.

Understanding what a POA can and cannot do is essential for proper planning.

FIRST, WHAT EXACTLY IS A POWER OF ATTORNEY?

It is a legal document that allows one person (the principal) to authorise another person (the agent) to act on their behalf. This may include signing documents, managing finances, buying or selling property, and handling tax matters.

A POA is not a contract, it is a unilateral declaration: *"I trust this person to act in my name."*

But here is the critical limitation: it only works while the principal still has mental capacity. Once mental capacity is lost, the POA automatically becomes invalid.

The bottom line: there is no such thing as an “enduring power of attorney” in South Africa.

DIFFERENT TYPES OF POAS AND HOW THEY ARE USED

Not all POAs are the same. Choosing the right one for your situation is essential. Let me break down the options:

1. GENERAL POWER OF ATTORNEY

This gives your agent broad authority to act on your behalf in areas including finances and administrative actions. This is useful when travelling or having emigrated, if you are unwell, or just need help with property or SARS matters.

But it ends the moment you:

- lose mental capacity,
- are declared insolvent, or
- pass away.



2. SPECIAL (OR LIMITED) POWER OF ATTORNEY

This scope is narrower. It grants your agent authority to act on your behalf for a specific task, such as selling your house or renewing your vehicle licence. Once the task is complete, the POA ends automatically.

This POA is ideal when you know exactly what needs to be done and want to keep powers limited.



3. BANK-SPECIFIC POWER OF ATTORNEY

Here's something that catches many people off guard. Even if you have a properly drafted POA, most South African banks won't accept it for account access. They want their own version in place, and it must be signed in person at a branch.

So, if your goal is to allow someone to manage your bank account, know this: you'll have to go to the bank with them to set it up, while you still have full capacity.



WHY PEOPLE COMMONLY PUT POAS IN PLACE

A POA is not only for the elderly or wealthy. There are real-life, everyday reasons why clients set up POAs:

- **Emigration:** You've left South Africa while assets remain here.
- **Travelling for long periods:** You want someone to manage tax filings or renew licences while you're away.
- **Short-term incapacity:** You have been hospitalised or are recovering from surgery and are unable to deal with paperwork.
- **Physical fragility:** You are mentally sharp, but unable to physically sign documents.
- **Need for expert assistance:** Your financial life is complex, and you want someone qualified to step in, as needed.

For all these scenarios, a POA is a powerful administrative tool, but only temporarily.

BUT REMEMBER, THERE ARE LIMITS

This is the part that often causes distress: a POA does not survive mental incapacity.

In South Africa, there is no such thing as an “enduring power of attorney”. Once the principal is no longer able to make decisions, the POA ends, no matter how well-intentioned or carefully it was drafted.

At that point, if decisions still need to be made, there are only three legal alternatives available:

1. CURATORSHIP (HIGH COURT):

A court-appointed person manages the individual's affairs. While it carries strong legal authority, it is more suited to large and complex estates and covers both financial and personal decisions, and it is also time-consuming, expensive and intrusive.

2. ADMINISTRATORSHIP (MASTER OF HIGH COURT):

A simpler process through the Master of the High Court, typically used when a person is no longer able to manage their financial affairs due to mental disability. This alternative is a lot faster, less expensive and intrusive. However, it only applies to financial decisions and there are reporting obligations to the Master.

3. SPECIAL TRUST:

This should be set up in advance and before mental incapacity, as a way to plan for future incapacity. The trust can hold and manage assets for their benefit in the event of incapacity, has a strong long-term structure and receives potential tax benefits. Trusts, however, are not for everyone. They need to be carefully considered, set up and trustees carefully chosen, due to the need for ongoing and accurate administration.

A trust is, therefore, the closest South Africa has to an enduring POA.

SO, WHAT SHOULD YOU DO NOW?

If you're reading this and wondering whether your family could be caught unprepared, now's the time to act.

- Think about your circumstances. Are you managing financial affairs across borders, facing health uncertainties, or relying on others for admin?
- Review your existing POAs. Are they still relevant? Are they bank-specific, where needed?
- Consider speaking to a professional. Someone who can draft the right POA for your needs and flag where it won't suffice.

A POA is not just about bureaucracy, it's about protection. It ensures that your affairs remain manageable when life becomes unpredictable. Remembering, however, a POA has limits. When mental incapacity is lost, families must turn to curatorship, administratorship or special trusts to keep things moving. Planning early avoids crisis decisions later. ***If you need advice on drafting the right power of attorney or navigating incapacity options, we're here to help.***

6 IMPORTANT POINTS ON POWERS OF ATTORNEY

- 1** A Power of Attorney is only valid while you are alive.
- 2** You must have full mental capacity to execute and sign a Power of Attorney - put it in place early rather than waiting until health and capacity becomes a concern.
- 3** South African law does not recognise "enduring" Powers of Attorney. If you lose mental capacity, it will become ineffective.
- 4** Not all Powers of Attorneys are accepted by banks - ensure you have a Power of Attorney that expresses clearly defined powers, assigns specific authority for banking or financial transactions and ensures proper identification and recent signatures.
- 5** A Power of Attorney can be limited and tailored.
- 6** When a Power of Attorney fails due to mental incapacity - these alternative options come into play - Administratorship, Curatorship or Special Trusts.

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Malissa is a Director of Brenthurst Wealth and has been with the Company for 12 years. In addition to her role as a Director, she continues and remains committed to her other roles as General Manager, Head of the Fiduciary Services Department in the Western Cape, Head of Compliance, Head of Human Resources, and Brenthurst's Internal Legal Advisor.

Since joining Brenthurst in July 2014, Malissa has been responsible for the overall oversight and management of the business. Her expertise includes estate planning, the consultation and drafting of wills and legal documents, deceased estate administration, as well as all legal, compliance, risk management, and human resources management.

Malissa is a qualified non-practising attorney, admitted to the High Court of South Africa (Western Cape). She holds a BCom Law degree from the University of Johannesburg, an LLB from the University of South Africa, and a certificate in Estate Planning from Milpark. She passed the Fiduciary Institute of Southern Africa (FISA) Board Examination in 2017 and was awarded the designation of Fiduciary Practitioner of South Africa® in 2018.

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